MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Syllabus

Subject: DENTAL ANATOMY, EMBRYOLOGY AND ORAL HISTOLOGY

Adapted from

BDS Course Regulations 2007 (Modified:25.07.2007) by Dental council of India

Teaching Hours:

Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Total Teaching Hours	
105	250	355	

INTRODUCTION

Dental Anatomy including Embryology and Oral Histology – a composite of basic Dental Sciences & their clinical applications.

SKILLS

The student should acquire basic skills in:

- 1. Carving of crowns of permanent teeth in wax.
- 2. Microscopic study of Oral tissues.
- 3. Identification of Deciduous & Permanent teeth.
- 4. Age estimation by patterns of teeth eruption from plaster casts of different age groups.

OBJECTIVES

After a course on Dental Anatomy including Embryology and Oral Histology,

- 1. The student is expected to appreciate the normal development, morphology, structure & functions of oral tissues & variations in different pathological / non-pathological states.
- 2. The student should understand the histological basis of various dental treatment procedures and physiologic ageing process in the dental tissues.
- 3. The students must know the basic knowledge of various research methodologies.

I. TOOTH MORPHOLOGY

- 1. Introduction to tooth morphology:
- ☐ Human dentition, types of teeth, & functions, Palmer's & Binomial notation systems, tooth surfaces, their junctions line angles & point angles, definition of terms used in dental morphology, geometric concepts in tooth morphology, contact areas & embrasures Clinical significance.

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2	Morphology of permanent teeth:
	Description of individual teeth, along with their endodontic anatomy &
	including a note on their chronology of development, differences
	between similar class of teeth & identification of individual teeth.
	Variations & Anomalies commonly seen in individual teeth.
	Morphology of Deciduous teeth :
J.	Generalized differences between Deciduous & Permanent teeth.
	Description of individual deciduous teeth, including their chronology
	of development, endodontic anatomy, differences between similar class
	of teeth & identification of individual teeth.
4	Occlusion:
	Definition, factors influencing occlusion - basal bone, arch, individual
_	teeth, external & internal forces & sequence of eruption.
	Inclination of individual teeth - compensatory curves.
	Centric relation & Centric occlusion - protrusive, retrusive & lateral
	clusion.
	Clinical significance of normal occlusion.
	Introduction to & Classification of Malocclusion.
	Pulp Chambers and Canals
II.	ORAL EMBRYOLOGY
1.	Brief review of development of face, jaws, lip, palate & tongue, with applied
asj	pects.
2.	
	Epithelial mesenchymal interaction, detailed study of different stages of
de	velopment of crown, root &
	supporting tissues of tooth & detailed study of formation of calcified
	tissues.
	Applied aspects of disorders in development of teeth.
3.	Eruption of deciduous & Permanent teeth:
	Mechanisms in tooth eruption, different theories & histology of eruption,
	formation of dentogingival junction, role of gubernacular cord in eruption
	of permanent teeth.
	Clinical or Applied aspects of disorders of eruption.
4.	
	Factors & mechanisms of shedding of deciduous teeth.
	Complications of shedding.
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III. ORAL HISTOLOGY

- 1. Detailed microscopic study of Enamel, Dentine, Cementum & Pulp tissue. Age changes & Applied aspects (Clinical and forensic significance) of histological considerations Fluoride applications, transparent dentine, dentine hypersensitivity, reaction of pulp tissue to varying insults to exposed dentine; Pulp calcifications & Hypercementosis.
- 2. Detailed microscopic study of Periodontal ligament & alveolar bone, age changes, histological changes in periodontal ligament & bone in normal & orthodontic tooth movement, applied aspects of alveolar bone resorption.
- 3. Detailed microscopic study of Oral Mucosa, variation in structure in relation to functional requirements, mechanisms of keratinization, clinical parts of gingiva, Dentogingival & Mucocutaneous junctions & lingual papillae. Age changes & clinical considerations.
- 4. Salivary Glands:
- ☐ Detailed microscopic study of acini & ductal system.
- ☐ Age changes& clinical considerations.
- 5. TM Joint:
- ☐ Review of basic anatomical aspects & microscopic study & clinical considerations.
- 6. Maxillary Sinus:
- ☐ Microscopic study, anatomical variations, functions & clinical relevance of maxillary sinus in dental practice.
- 7. Processing of Hard & soft tissues for microscopic study:
- ☐ Ground sections, decalcified sections & routine staining procedures.
- 8. Basic histochemical staining patterns of oral tissues.

IV. ORAL PHYSIOLOGY

- 1. Saliva:
- Composition of saliva variations, formation of saliva & mechanisms of secretion, salivary reflexes, brief review of secretomotor pathway, functions, role of saliva in dental caries & applied aspects of hyper & hypo salivation.
- 2. Mastication:
- Masticatory force & its measurement need for mastication, peculiarities of masticatory muscles, masticatory cycle, masticatory reflexes & neural control of mastication.

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5. Deglatition.
Review of the steps in deglutition, swallowing in infants, neural control of
deglutition & dysphagia.
4. Calcium, Phosphorous & fluoride metabolism:
□ Source, requirements, absorption, distribution, functions & excretion,
clinical considerations, hypo & hypercalcemia & hyper & hypo phosphatemia
& fluorosis.
5. Theories of Mineralization:
☐ Definition, mechanisms, theories & their drawbacks.
☐ Applied aspects of physiology of mineralization, pathological
considerations - calculus formation.
6. Physiology of Taste:
☐ Innervation of taste buds & taste pathway, physiologic basis of taste
sensation, age changes & applied aspects - taste disorders.
7. Physiology of Speech:
Review of basic anatomy of larynx & vocal cords.
□ Voice production, resonators, production of vowels & different
consonants - Role of palate, teeth & tongue.
☐ Effects of dental prosthesis & appliances on speech & basic speech
disorders.

RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Orban's Oral Histology & Embryology S.N.Bhaskar
- 2. Oral Development & Histology James & Avery
- 3. Wheeler's Dental Anatomy, Physiology & Occlusion Major.M.Ash
- 4. Dental Anatomy its relevance to dentistry Woelfel & Scheid
- 5. Applied Physiology of the mouth Lavelle
- 6. Physiology & Biochemistry of the mouth Jenkins

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MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.)

Syllabus

Subject: ORAL PATHOLOGY & ORAL MICRIBIOLOGY

Adapted from

BDS Course Regulations 2007 (Modified: 25.07.2007)

By Dental Council of India

Teaching Hours:

Lecture Hours	Practical Hours	Total Teaching Hours	
145	130	275	

OBJECTIVES:

At the end of Oral Pathology & Oral Microbiology course, the student should be able to comprehend -

- 1. The different types of pathological processes, that involve the oral cavity.
- 2. The manifestations of common diseases, their diagnosis & correlation with clinical pathological processes.
- 3. An understanding of the oral manifestations of systemic diseases should help in correlating with the systemic physical signs & laboratory findings.
- 4. The student should understand the underlying biological principles governing treatment of oral diseases.
- 5. The principles of certain basic aspects of Forensic Odontology.

SKILLS:

- i) Microscopic study of common lesions affecting oral tissues through microscopic studes & projection slides.
- ii) Study of the disease process by surgical specimens.
- iii) Study of teeth anomalies/polymorphisms through tooth specimens & plaster casts.
- iv) Microscopic study of plaque pathogens.
- v) Study of haematological preparations (blood films) of anaemias & leukemias.
- vi) Basic exercises in Forensic Odontology such as histological methods of age estimation and appearance of teeth in injuries.
- 1. Introduction:

A bird's eye view of the different pathological processes involving the oral cavity & oral cavity involvement in systemic diseases to be brought

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out. Interrelationship between General Medicine & General Surgery & Oral
pathology to be emphasized.
2. Developmental disturbances of teeth, jaws and soft tissues of oral &
paraoral region:
□ Introduction to developmental disturbances - Hereditary, Familial
mutation, Hormonal etc. causes to be highlighted.
Developmental disturbances of teeth - Etiopathogenesis, clinical
features, radiological features &
histopathological features as appropriate:-
The size, shape, number, structure & eruption of teeth & clinical significance
of the anomalies to be emphasized.
☐ Forensic Odontology.
□ Developmental disturbances of jaws - size & shape of the jaws.
Developmental disturbances of oral & paraoral soft tissues - lip &
palate - clefts, tongue, gingiva, mouth, salivary glands & face.
3. Dental Caries:
□ Etiopathogenesis, microbiology, clinical features, diagnosis,
histopathology, immunology, prevention of dental caries & its sequelae.
4. Pulp & Periapical Pathology & Osteomyelitis.
☐ Etiopathogenesis & interrelationship, clinical features, microbiology,
histopathology & radiological features (as appropriate) of pulp & periapical
lesions & osteomyelitis.
□ Sequelae of periapical abscess - summary of space infections, systemic
complications & significance.
5. Periodontal Diseases:
☐ Etiopathogenesis, microbiology, clinical features, histopathology &
radiological features (as appropriate) of gingivitis, gingival enlargements &
periodontitis. Basic immunological mechanisms of periodontal disease to be
highlighted.
6. Microbial infections of oral soft tissues:
☐ Microbiology, defence mechanisms including immunological
aspects, oral manifestations, histopathogy and laboratory diagnosis of
common bacterial, viral & fungal infections namely:- Bacterial: Tuberculosis,
Syphilis, ANUG & its complications - Cancrum Oris.
Viral: Herpes Simplex, Varicella zoster, Measles, Mumps & HIV infection.
Fungal: Candidal infection. Apthous Ulcers.
7. Common non- inflammatory diseases involving the jaws:

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☐ Etiopathogenesis, clinical features, radiological & laboratory values in diagnosis of :

Fibrous dysplasia, Cherubism, Osteogenesis Imperfecta, Paget's disease, Cleidocranial dysplasia, Rickets, Achondroplasia, Marfan's syndrome & Down's syndrome.

- 8. Diseases of TM Joint:
- Ankylosis, summary of different types of arthritis & other developmental malformations, traumatic injuries & myofascial pain dysfunction syndrome.
- 9. Cysts of the Oral & Paraoral region:
- ☐ Classification, etiopathogenesis, clinical features, histopathology, laboratory & radiological features (as appropriate) of Odontogenic cysts, Non-Odontogenic cysts, Pseudocysts of jaws & soft tissue cysts of oral & paraoral region.
- 10. Tumours of the Oral Cavity:
- ☐ Classification of Odontogenic, Non-Odontogenic & Salivary Gland Tumours. Etiopathogenesis, clinical features, histopathology, radiological features & laboratory diagnosis (as appropriate) of the following common tumours:-
- a) Odontogenic all lesions. b) Non-odontogenic
- Benign Epithelial Papilloma, Keratoacanthoma & Naevi.
- Benign Mesenchymal Fibroma, Aggressive fibrous lesions, Lipoma, Haemangioma, Lymphangioma, Neurofibroma, Schwannoma, Chondroma, Osteoma & Tori.
- Malignant Epithelial Basal Cell Carcinoma, Verrucous Carcinoma, Squamous Cell carcinoma &

Malignant Melanoma.

- Malignant Mesenchymal - Fibrosarcoma, Osteosarcoma, Giant cell tumour, Chondrosarcoma, Angiosarcoma,

Kaposi's sarcoma, Lymphomas, Ewing's sarcoma & Other Reticuloendothelial tumours.

- c) Salivary Gland
- Benign Epithelial neoplasms Pleomorphic Adenoma, Warthin's tumour & Oncocytoma.
- Malignant Epithelial neoplasms Adenoid Cystic Carcinoma, Mucoepidermoid Carcinoma,

Acinic Cell Carcinoma & Adenocarcinomas.

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d) Tumours of Disputed Origin - Congenital Epulis & Granular Cell
Myoblastoma. e) Metastatic tumours - Tumors metastasizing to & from oral
cavity & the routes of metastasis.
11. Traumatic, Reactive & Regressive lesions of Oral Cavity:
Dyogenic & Giant cell granuloma, exostoses Fibrous Hyperplasia,
Traumatic Ulcer & Traumatic Neuroma.
Attrition, Abrasion, Erosion, Bruxism, Hypercementosis, Dentinal
changes, Pulp calcifications & Resorption of teeth.
Radiation effects of oral cavity, summary of Physical & Chemical injuries
including allergic reactions of the oral cavity.
☐ Healing of Oral wounds & complications - Dry socket.
12. Non neoplastic Salivary Gland Diseases:
☐ Sialolithiasis, Sialosis, Sialadenitis, Xerostomia & Ptyalism.
13. Systemic Diseases involving Oral cavity:
Brief review & oral manifestations, diagnosis & significance of common
Blood, Nutritional, Hormonal & Metabolic diseases of Oral cavity.
14. Mucocutaneous Lesions:
☐ Etiopathogenesis, clinical features & histopathology of the following
common lesions.
Lichen Planus, Lupus Erythematosus, Pemphigus & Pemphigoid lesions,
Erythema Multiforme, Psoriasis, Scleroderma, Ectodermal Dysplasia,
Epidermolysis bullosa & White sponge nevus
15. Diseases of the Nerves:
☐ Facial neuralgias - Trigeminal & Glossopharyngeal. VII nerve paralysis,
Causalgia.
☐ Psychogenic facial pain & Burning mouth syndrome.
16. Pigmentation of Oral & Paraoral region & Discolouration of teeth:
□ causes & clinical manifestations.
17. Diseases of Maxillary Sinus:
☐ Traumatic injuries to sinus, Sinusitis, Cysts & Tumours involving antrum.
18. a) ORAL PRECANCER - CANCER; Epidemiology, aetiology, clinical and
histopatholotgical features, TNM classification. Recent advances in
diagnosis, management and prevention.
b) Biopsy: Types of biopsy, value of biopsy, cytology, histo chemistry &
frozen sections in diagnosis of oral diseases.
19. Principles of Basic Forensic Odontology (Pre-clinical Forensic Odontology):
☐ Introduction, definition, aims & scope.
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	Sex and ethnic (racial) differences in tooth morphology and histological
age es	timation
	Determination of sex & blood groups from buccal mucosa / saliva.
	Dental DNA methods
	Bite marks, rugae patterns & lip prints.
	Dental importance of poisons and corrosives.
	Overview of forensic medicine and toxicology

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1) A Text Book of Oral Pathology Shafer, Hine & Levy.
- 2) Oral Pathology Clinical Pathologic correlations Regezi & Sciubba.
- 3) Oral Pathology Soames & Southam.
- 4) Oral Pathology in the Tropics Prabhu, Wilson, Johnson & Daftary

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MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Syllabus for BDS 4th Year - ORTHODONTICS

Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4] THE GAZETE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

ORTHODONTICS AND DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPAEDICS

- 1. Introduction, Definition, Historical Background, Aims And Objectives Of Orthodontics And Need For Orthodontics Care.
- 2. Growth And Development: In General
 - a. Definition
 - b. Growth spurts and Differential growth
 - c. Factors influencing growth and Development
 - d. Methods of measuring growth
 - e. Growth theories (Genetic, Sicher's, Scott's, Moss's, Petrovics, Multifactorial)
 - f. Genetic and epigenetic factors in growth
 - g. Cephalocaudal gradient in growth.
- 3. Morphologic Development Of Craniofacial Structures
 - a. Methods of bone growth
 - b. Prenatal growth of craniofacial structures
 - c. Postnatal growth and development of: cranial base, maxilla, mandible, dental arches and occlusion.
- 4. Functional Development Of Dental Arches And Occlusioin
 - a. Factors influencing functional development of dental arches and occlusion.
 - b. Forces of occlusion
 - c. Wolfe's law of transformation of bone
 - d. Trajectories of forces
- 5. Clinical Application Of Growth And Development
- 6. Malocclusion In General
 - a. Concept of normal occlusion
 - b. Definition of malocclusion
 - c. Description of different types of dental, skeletal and functional malocclusion.
- 7. Classification of MalocclusionPrinciple, description, advantages and disadvantages of classification of malocclusion by Angle's, Simon's, Lischer's and Ackerman and Proffitt's.
- 8. Normal And Abnormal Function Of Stomatognathic System
- 9. Etiology Of Malocclusion
- a. Definition, importance, classification, local and general etiological factors.
- b. Etiology of following different types of malocclusion:
 - 1) Midline diastema
 - 2) Spacing

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- 3) Crowding
- 4) @ross-Bite: Anterior/Posterior
- 5) Class III Malocclusion

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- 6) Class II Malocclusion
- 7) Deep Bite
- 8) Open bite
- 10. Diagnosis And Diagnostic Aids
 - a. Definition, Importance and classification of diagnostic aids
 - b. Importance of case history and clinical examination in orthodontics
 - c. Study Models: Importance and uses Preparation and preservation of study models
 - d. Importance of intraoral X-rays in orthodontics
 - e. Panoramic radiographs: Principles, Advantages, disad vantages and uses
 - f. Cephalometrics: Its advantages, disadvantages
 - 1. Definition
 - 2. Description and use of cephalostat
 - 3. Description and uses of anatomical landmarks lines and angles used in cephalometric analysis
 - 4. Analysis- Steiner's, Down's, Tweed's, Ricket's-E-line
 - g. Electromyography and its uses in orthodontics
 - h. Wrist X-rays and its importance in othodontics
- 11. General Principles In Orthodontic Treatment Planning Of Dental And Skeletal Malocclusions
- 12. Anchorage In Orthodontics Definition, Classification, Types and Stability Of Anchorage
- 13. Biomechanical Principles In Orthodontic Tooth Movement
 - a. Different types of tooth movements
 - b. Tissue response to orthodontic force application
 - c. Age factor in orthodontic tooth movement
- 14. Preventive Orthodontics
 - a. Definition
 - b. Different procedures undertaken in preventive orthodontics and their limitations.
- 15. Interceptive Orthodontics
 - a. Definition
 - b. Different procedures undertaken in interceptive orthodontics
 - c. Serial extractions: Definition, indications, contra-indication, technique, advantages and disadvantages.
 - d. Role of muscle exercises as an interceptive procedure
- 16. Corrective Orthodontics
 - a. Definition, factors to be considered during treatment planning.
 - b. Model analysis: Pont's, Ashley Howe's, Bolton, Careys, Moyer's Mixed Dentition Analysis
 - c. Methods of gaining space in the arch:- Indications, relative merits and demerits of proximal stripping, arch expansion and extractions
 - d. Extractions in Orthdodontics indications and selection of teeth for extraction.
- 17. Orthodontic Appliances: General
 - a. Requisites for orthodontic appliances
 - b. Classification, indications of Removable and Functional Appliances



c. Methods of force application

d. Materials used in construction of various orthodontic appliances - uses of stainless

steel, technical considerations in curing of acrylic, Principles of welding and soldering,

fluxes and antifluxes.

e. Preliminary knowledge of acid etching and direct bonding.

REMOVABLE ORTHODONTIC APPLIANCES

- 1) Components of removable appliances
- 2) Different types of clasps and their uses
- 3) Different types of labial bows and their uses
- 4) Different types of springs and their uses
- 5) Expansion appliances in orthodontics:
 - i) Principles
 - ii) Indications for arch expansion
 - iii) Description of expansion appliances and different types of expansion devices and their uses.
 - iv) Rapid maxillary expansion

FIXED ORTHODONTIC APPLIANCES

- 1. Definition, Indications & Contraindications
- 2. Component parts and their uses
- 3. Basic principles of different techniques: Edgewise, Begg's, straight wire.

EXTRAORAL APPLIANCES

- 1. Headgears
- 2. chincup
- 3. reverse pull headgears

MYOFUNCTIONAL APPLIANCES

- 1. Definition and principles
- 2. Muscle exercises and their uses in orthodontics
- 3. Functional appliances:
 - i) Activator, Oral screens, Frankels function regulator, bionator twin blocks, lip bumper
 - ii) Inclined planes upper and lower
- 18. Orthodontic Management Of Cleft Lip And Palate
- 19. Principles Of Surgical Orthodontics.

Brief knowledge of correction of:

- a. Mandibular Prognathism and Retrognathism
- b. Maxillary Prognathism and Retrognathism
- c. Anterior open bite and deep bite
- d. Cross bite
- 20. Principle, Differential Diagnosis & Methods Of Treatment Of:
 - 1. Midline diastema

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- 2. Cross bite
- 3. Open bite
- 4. Deep bite
- 5. Spacing

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7. Class II - Division 1, Division 2

8. Class III Malocclusion - True and Psuedo Class III

- 21. Retention And Relapse, Definition, Need for retention, Causes of relapse, Methods of retention, Different types of retention devices, Duration of retention, Theories of retention.
- 22. Ethics & Practice management

CLINICALS AND PRACTICALS IN ORTHODONTICS PRACTICAL TRAINING DURING II YEAR B.D.S.

- I. Basic wire bending exercises Gauge 22 or 0.7mm
 - 1. Straightening of wires (4 Nos.)
 - 2. Bending of a equilateral triangle
 - 3. Bending of a rectangle
 - 4. Bending of a square
 - 5. Bending of a circle
 - 6. Bending of U.V.
- II. Construction of Clasps (Both sides upper/lower) Gauge 22 or 0.7mm
 - 1. 3/4 Clasp (C-Clasp)
 - 2. Full Clasp (Jackson's Crib)
 - 3. Adam's Clasp
 - 4. Triangular Clasp
- III. Construction of Springs (on upper both sides) Gauge 24 or 0.5mm
 - 1. Finger Spring
 - 2. Single Cantelever Spring
 - 3. Double Cantelever Spring (Z-Spring)
 - 4. T-Springs on premolars
- IV. Construction of Canine retractors Gauge 23 or 0.6mm
 - 1. U Loop canine retractor

(Both sides on upper & lower)

2. Helical canine retractor

(Both sides on upper & lower)

- 3. Buccal canine retractor:
- Self supported buccal canine retractor with
- a) Sleeve 5mm wire or 24 gauge
- b) Sleeve 19 gauge needle on any one side.
- 4. Palatal canine retractor on upper both sides Gauge 23 or 0.6mm

V. Labial Bow

Gauge 22 or 0.7mm

One on both upper and lower

CLINICAL TRAINING DURING III YEAR B.D.S.

- 01. Making upper Alginate impression
- 02. Making lower Alginate impression
- 03. Study Model preparation

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04. Model Analysis

- a. Pont's Analysis
- b. Ashley Howe's Analysis
- c. Carey's Analysis
- d. Bolton's Analysis
- e. Moyer's Mixed Dentition Analysis

CLINICAL TRAINING DURING FINAL YEAR B.D.S.

- 01. Case History taking
- 02. Case discussion
- 03. Discussion on the given topic
- 04. Cephalometric tracings
- a. Down's Analysis
- b. Steiner's Analysis
- c. Tweed's Analysis

PRACTICAL TRAINING DURING FINAL YEAR B.D.S.

- 1. Adam's Clasp on Anterior teeth Gauge 0.7mm
- 2. Modified Adam's Clasp on upper arch Gauge 0.7mm
- 3. High Labial bow with Apron spring on upper arch (Gauge of Labial bow 0.9mm, Apron spring 0.3mm)
- 4. Coffin spring on upper arch Gauge 1mm

Appliance Construction in Acrylic

- 1. Upper & Lower Hawley's Appliance
- 2. Upper Hawley's with Anterior bite plane.
- 3. Upper Habit breaking Appliance
- 4. Upper Hawley's with Posterior bite plane with 'Z' Spring
- 5. Construction of Activator
- 6. Lower inclined plane/Catalan's Appliance
- 7. Upper Expansion plate with Expansion Screw

RECOMMENDED AND REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. CONTEMPORARY ORTHODONTICS- WILLIAM R. PROFFIT
- 2. ORTHODONTICS FOR DENTAL STUDENTS WHITE and GARDINER
- 3. HANDBOOK OF ORTHODONTICS MOYERS
- 4. ORTHODONTICS PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE GRABER
- 5. DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF REMOVABLE ORTHODONTIC APPLIANCES C. PHILIP ADAMS
- 6. CLINICAL ORTHODONTICS: VOL1 & 2 SALZMANN
- 7. ORTHODONTICS DIAGNOSIS OF AND MANAGEMENT OF MALOCCLUSION AND DENTOFACIAL DEFORMITIES- O. P. KHARBANDA
- 8. TEXTBOOK OF ORTHODONTICS, SAMIR E. BISHARA



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MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Revised Syllabus for BDS 4th Year

Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4]

THE GAZETTE OF INPA: EXTRAORDINARY

CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY & ENDODONTICS

Theory Hours: 135 Practical Hours: 200 Clinical Hours: 370 Total Hours:705

	S. No	Topic]
)	1.	Introduction To Operative Dentistry Definition Of Operative Dentistry History Of Operative Dentistry Factors affecting operative treatment Indications Considerations Factors affecting the future demand of operative dentistry Economic factors Demographic factors	
	2.	Nomenclature Of Dentition Introduction And Need Of Nomenclature Commonly Used Nomenclature Systems FDI, Universal Zygmondy-Palmer System Advantages/Disadvantage Of Each System	
)	3.	Review Of Dental Anatomy • Development Of Tooth And And Associated Structures • Anatomy Of Tooth Related To Operative Dentistry Importance Of Pits & Fissures And Proximal Contact Areas In Relation To Cavity Preparation	
	4.	Gnathological Concepts of Restoration Physiology of Occlusion Normal Occlusion Ideal Occlusion Mandibular Movements Occlusal Analysis Occlusal Rehabilitation & Restoration	
	5.	Dental Caries Definition And Introduction to caries Etiology of caries Various Theories Classification Of Caries Stages Of Caries In Enamel Stages Of Caries in Dentin Clinical Features of caries Morphological Features of caries Microscopic features of enamel and dentinal caries	

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		• Prevention Of Dental Caries
		-diet modification
		- floride application
		- caries vaccines
		Caries Activity Tests The standard of Grain and Standard of
		• Treatment of Caries
		Clinical diagnosis& Sequelae of dental caries
	6.	Preventive measures in restorative practice:
		Plaque control, pit and fissure sealants, dietary measures, restorative procedures and
L		periodontal health
	7.	Applied Dental Materials
		Amalgam
		History Of Amalgam
		• Advantages/Disadvantages
		Indications & Contra indications Of Amalgam
		Composition of amalgam
		Physical & mechanical properties
		Amalgam Reaction Of High And Low copper Amalgam
		Procedure and clinical technique for amalgam restoration
		Failure of amalgam
		Mercury toxicity
		Recent advances in amalgam
		Dental Cements
		Classification Of Dental Cements
		Detail About Each Cemernt
		• Zn phosphate cement
		Zn polycarboxylate cement
		Zinc oxide eugenol
		Glass ionomer cement
		Physical, Mechanical Properties And Manipulation Of Each Cement
		Composites
		Introduction To Composite Material
		History Of Resins
		Classification Of Composites
		• Composition
		Dentin Bonding Agents
		• Curing Methods
		 Composite Placement Procedures Cavity preparation for composites
		Recent advances in composites
		• Limitations of composites Dental Porcelain
		Dental Forcelain
	8.	Treatment Planning For Operative Dentistry Patient Evaluation Clinical and Radiographic Examination Registrar Registrar Registrar
	0.	• Patient Evaluation
		• Clinical and Radiographic Examination Malwanchai (MP)
		• Tests for diagnosis of caries
		 Tests for diagnosis of caries Vitality tests, Diagnosis and preparation of case sheet
		4
		• Treatment Planning • Treatment Record • Department of Conservation
	9.	DDELIMINADY CONSIDERATIONS FOR OPERATIVE DENTISTRY
		Preoperative patient and dental team consideration Preoperative patient and dental team consideration Preoperative patient and dental team consideration
		• Chair and patient position
		Operating positions
		Operating stools

		Syllabus
	Instrument exchange	
10.	PAIN CONTROL FOR OPERATIVE DENTISTRY	
	• Introduction	
	Method to control pain in operative dentistry	
	Local anesthesia	
	Patient factor	
	Local anesthetic agents	
	Technique of local anesthesia	
	Precautions during injection	
	Advantages of local anesthesia	
	Alternative methods to control pain	
	Premedication with sedatives	
	• Inhalation sedation	
	• Hypnosis	
	Electronic dental anesthesia	
11.	CONTROL OF OPERATING FIELD	
	• Introduction	
	Goals of isolation	
	Method of isolation	
	Cotton rolls and cellulose wafers	
	• Rubber dam	
	• Introduction	
	• Indication	
	• Contraindication	
	Rubber dam equipments	
	Rubber dam application technique	
	Removal of rubber dam Aide for leading dams	
	Aids for leaking dams Advantages	
	AdvantagesDisadvantages	
	Disauvantages	
	Saliva injectors	
	High volume evacuators	
	Throat shield	
	Anti sialogagues	
12.	MANAGEMENT OF GINGIVAL TISSUE	
	• Introduction	
	Indication for gingival tissue management	
	Physicomoghanical	
	Chamicomochanical	
	• Chemical	
	Recent techniques for gingival retraction	
	• Laser	
	Retraction by dilatation of gingival sulcus	
13.	Pulp Protection Quald w	
	• Indications and need for Liners, base and varnish	1 1 200
	• Composition of each	31/03/2020
	 Composition of each Material aspect and application procedure Principles Of Cavity Preparation Definition of Cavity Preparation 	311
14.	Principles Of Cavity Preparation • Definition of Cavity Preparation	HOD postisto
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	OUSELABOR
	Nomenclature of Cavity walls, angles and floors Opportunent of And And Opportunent of Cavity walls, angles and floors Opportunent of Cavity walls, angles and floors	ndodontics - tel Sciences. Ind
	Classification of Cavities Various Principles of Cavity Proposition	ndodontics Dental Sciences, Ind
	Various Principles of Cavity Preparation Stone of Initial Cavity Preparation Stone of Initial Cavity Preparation	
	 Steps of Initial Cavity Preparation Steps of Final Cavity Preparation 	
	• Steps of Final Cavity 1 (eparation	J

		<u>Syllabus</u>
15.	Armamentarium In Cavity Preparation	1
	History Of Dental Instruments	
	mistory of Dental Instituments	
	Classification Of Hand And Data- In-turn	
	• Classification Of Hand And Rotary Instruments	
	Details Of Hand Cutting Instruments - instrument formula	
	[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
	- instrument design	1
	• Sharpening of instruments	
	• Grasps And Rests	
	• Rotary Instruments	
	- Bur Blade Design	
	- Rake And Clearance Angle	
	• Sterilisation of instruments	
	Basic instrument tray set up	
16.	RESTORING CONTACTS AND CONTOURS	
	• Introduction	
	• Matrices	
	• Definition	
	Ideal requirements	
	• Classification of matrices	
	• Functions	
	• Parts of matrices	
	Description of various matrices	
	Tooth separation and wedges	
	• Introduction	
	• Definition	
	 Need for tooth separation 	
	 Method of tooth separation 	
	Recent advances	
17.	Cavity Preparation For Amalgam Restoration	
	 Implication of Initial &Final Cavity Preparation steps to cavity 	
	preparation for Dental Amalgam	
	Recent cavity modifications	
10		
18.	COMPLEX AMALGAM RESTORATION	1
	• Indication	
	• Contraindication	
	• Advantages	
	• Disadvantages	
	Pin retained amalgam restoration	
	• Introduction	
	• Types of pins	
	• Indication	
	• Contraindications	
	• Advantages	1 2 1000
	• Disadvantages	31/62/2020
	 Pin placement factors and technique Failures of pin retained restoration Use of automatrix 	HOD '
	• Failures of pin retained restoration	Conservative Dentistr
	• Use of automatrix	Endodontics
19.	Anterior restorations:	Dental Sciences, Ind
	Selection of cases, selection of material, step wise procedure for using	
	restorations, silicate (theory only) glass ionomers, composites, sandwich	
	technique and bevels of the same. Indications and Limitations	
20.	CAST RESTORATIONS	

		선생님 그들은 사람들이 되는 사람이 되었다. 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다.	Synabus
		• Cast metal alloy –(noble and non-noble)	
		• Indications	
		• Contraindications	
		• Advantages	
		• Disadvantages	
		Tooth preparation for class I & class II cast metal inlay	
		Armamentarium	
		• Initial preparation	
		개발하다는 하는 마양 생활하다 하다면서 구입하다 구입하다 하십시간이 되었다면서 하는 사람들은 사람들이 되는 것이다. 그런	
		That preparation	
		• Fabrication of wax pattern	
		• Spruing& investing	
		• Casting procedure	
		Casting defects	
		• Die materials and preparation	
		• Impression materials	
	21.	Difference between cast and amalgam cavity preparation with note on all	
1		three types of bevels used for cast restorations	
	22.	INDIRECT TOOTH COLOR RESTORATIONS	
		Class-I and class-II tooth color restoration	
		• Indication	
		• Contraindication	
		• Advantages	
		• Disadvantages	
		Type of ceramic inlay and onlay	
		• Clinical procedures	
		• Tooth preparation	
		• Tooth fabrication and cementation	
	23.	MANAGEMENT OF DISCOLORED TEETH	
	-5.	• Classification of discoloration	
		Bleaching treatment	
		Microabrasion and macroabrasion	
		• Veneers	
		• Laminates	
'		네트 이번 전에 가면서 가면서 가면 가면 가면 하는데 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은 사람들은	
-	24.	Aesthetic dentistry The state of the s	
		Temporization and interim restorations	
	25.	DIRECT FILLING GOLD RESTORATIONS	
		• Direct gold	
		• Indications	
		• Contraindications	
		• Cavity preparation for direct filling gold	
		• Type of the direct gold	
		Principle of manipulation of direct filling gold	
		Cohesion and degassing	
		Compaction of direct gold	$ (\emptyset)$
	26.	HYPERSENSITIVE DENTIN AND ITS MANAGEMENT	4 10-00
		• Introduction	3402/2020
		Definition Etiology Halwanchai University Hodore (MP) HO	
		• Etiology Halwanchai (MP) HO	b
		• Direct innervations theory	BIAGIIAG DOLLES
		Department	dontics
		 Odontoblastic receptor theory Hydrodynamic theory Index Institute of Der 	tal Sciences, Indura
		• Clinical features	

Hydrodynamic theory Clinical features

	Diagnosis		
	Clinical management		
27.	Microleakage		
28.	NON CARIOUS DESTRUCTION OF TOOTH STRUCTURE AND THEIR MANAGEMENT		
	• Introduction to non carious defects		
	Etiology of non-carious lesions		
	• Diagnosis		
	Clinical management of non- carious cervical lesion		
29.	LASERS IN CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY		
	• Introduction		
	History		
	• Components of laser		
	Basic principle of laser		
	• Laser- tissue intraction		
	• Type of lasers		
	• Laser applications in conservative dentistry.		
	• Laser safety		
30.	Management of deep carious lesions, direct and indirect pulp capping		
31.	Recent advances in Conservative Dentistry		
32.	Guidelines for managing Epidemics, Pandemics and outbreaks		

S .No.	Topic	
33.	Introduction to endodontics	
	Introduction, definition, scope & future	
34.	DIAGNOSIS IN ENDODONTICS	
	History and record symptoms	
	Subjective symptoms	
	Objective symptoms	
	Various diagnostic aids	
	Recent advances in diagnosis in endodontics	
35.	DENTAL PULP AND PERI-RADICULAR TISSUE	
	• Embryology	
	• Normal pulp -functions ,zones ,mineralization, effects of aging on	
	pulp	
	Normal periradicular tissue -cementum, Pdl, alveolar process	
36.	Endodontic Microbiology, bacteriological examinations, culture methods	
37.	DISEASES OF PULP	
	Causes of pulpal diseases	
	• Classification	2- >
	Diseases of pulp Reversible pulpitis	3/10/2020
		- 1 .
	Irreversible pulpitis	ń
	Chronic hyperplastic pulpitis	servative Dentistry
	Irreversible pulpitis Chronic hyperplastic pulpitis Internal resorption Pulp degeneration	edenties
	Pulp degeneration Index Institute of Date	tal Sciences, Indoc
	Necrosis of pulp	
0.0	Treatment of pulpal diseases	
38.	DISEASES OF PERIRADICULAR TISSUES	
	Causes of periradicular diseases	

Classification

		프랑스 (1985년 - 1987년 - 1985년 - 1 1987년 - 1987년	<u>Syllabus</u>
		• Diseases	
		Symptomatic apical periodontitis	
		Acute alveolar abscess	
		Phoenix abscess	
		Asymptomatic apical periodontitis	
		Chronic alveolar abscess	
		Granuloma	
		Radicular cyst	
		Condensing osteitis	
		External root resorption	
		Persistent apical periodontitis	
		Diseases of periradicular tissues of nonendodontic origin	
		DATIONALE OF EMPORONALE AND ALTRICES	
		RATIONALE OF ENDODONTIC TREATMENT 1. Inflammation	
		2. Endodontic implications	
	39.	SELECTION OF CASES FOR TREATMENT	
		1. Common medical findings that may influence endodontic treatment	
		planning	
		하시아시아 보면 그 그리고 있는 아이 아이는 아이는	
		r	
		plan	
		Periodontal considerations	
		Surgical considerations	
		Restorative considerations	
		 Endodontic therapy or dental implant 	
		• Retreatment	
		• Immature teeth	
		• Other factors	
	40.	PRINCIPLES OF ROOT CANAL TREATMENT	
		o Local anesthesia	
		Rubber dam isolation	
		o Techniques of rubber dam application	
		Sterilization of instruments	
		- NO CONTROL OF THE C	
		o Recommended sterilization protocols	5
		Biological monitoring	
	41	*	
	41.	Vital pulp therapy	
		• Pulpotomy	
		Apexogenesis and Apexification	50
-		Introduction to Regenerative endodontics	21/2/2020
	42.	ANATOMY OF PULP CAVITY AND ACCESS OPENING	3/02/2020 HOD
		 Components of the root canal system Root canal anatomy Anatomy of the apical root Registrat Anatomy of the apical root Anatomy of the apical root	HOD Dentiet
		100t canal anatomy	COLIDERANA
		 Anatomy of the apical root Objectives and guidelines for access cavity preparation Index Institute 	Dental Sciences, Inc
		• Objectives and guidelines for access cavity preparation index historic	
		Armamentarium for access cavity preparation	
		Morphology and Clinical guidelines for access cavity preparation for individual teeth	
		ioi muividual teem	

• Challenging access preparations

	Errors in access cavity preparation	
43.	WORKING LENGTH DETERMINATION	
	1. Definition	
	2. Anatomical considerations	
	3. Methods of determining working length	
	Radiographic methods	
	Nonradiographic methods	
	Electronic methods	
44.	ENDODONTIC INSTRUMENTS	
	1. Hand instruments	
	2. Instruments for pulp space preparation	
	Classification	
	Manually operated instruments	
	Low speed rotary instruments	
	Rotary instruments for canal preparation	
	Sonic and ultrasonic instruments	
	ISO standardization of instruments Devices for working length determination	
	Instruments for obturation	
45.	CLEANING AND SHAPING	
	1. Goals of shaping radicular space	
	2. Guidelines for shaping root canal	
	3. Phases in shaping	
	4. Root canal Shaping Techniques	
46.	INTRACANAL IRRIGANTS]
	1. Ideal requirements of irrigants	
	2. Functions of irrigants	
	3. Types of endodontic irrigants	
	4. Irrigation guidelines	
47	5. Irrigation techniques	
47.	INTRACANAL MEDICAMENTS	
	1. Types 2. Ideal requirements	
	3. Mechanism of action	
	4. Recent advancements	
	4. Recent advancements	
48.	OBTURATION	1
	1 Timing of obturation	
	2. Length of obturation	
	3. Requirements of ideal root canal filling material	
	4. Endodontic Sealers	
	5. Core materials	
	6. Techniques of obturation	1 2
	7. Coronal seal	men:1 22/2
	8. Recent advances in obturating materials	3(100)
49.	RESTORATION OF ENDODONTICALLY TREATED TERTH (MP)	00
	H 마이트 마이트 프로마 (1) 프로마 트로마 (1) 프로마 (1)	onservative Del
	2. Post endodontic restoration fabrication Department of Control o	Indonics
	2. Post endodontic restoration fabrication 3. Components of post core preparation 4. Classification and description of posts Openament of Components of Posts Index Institute of Index I	- INHIAY SCIENCES

		Syllabus
50.	TRAUMATIC INJURIES OF TEETH	
	1. Causes	
	2. Examination of traumatic injuries	
	3. Classification & management of traumatic injuries	
	4. Uncomplicated and complicated crown fractures	
	5. Response of pulp to trauma	
	6. Effect of trauma on supporting tissues	
51.	ENDODONTIC EMERGENCIES AND THEIR MANAGEMENT	
	1. Diagnosis & treatment planning	
	2. Pretreatment, Intratreatment&Postobturation emergencies	
52.	PROCEDURAL ACCIDENTS AND THEIR MANAGEMENT	
	1. Related to access opening, perforation and its management	
	2. Related to canal shaping and cleaning, Broken instruments and its	
	management, management of single and double curved root canals	
	3. Related to obturation	
53.	ENDO-PERIO RELATIONSHIP	
	1. Pathways of communication between pulp and periodontium	
	2. Effect of pulpal & periodontal disease on pulp 3. Classification	
	4. 하는 이를 하면 2005년 1965년 1일	
54.	4. Diagnosis & treatment planningManagement RESORPTION AND ITS MANAGEMENT	
34.	1. Classification	
	2. Cells involved in tooth resorption	
	3. Internal, External Cervical root resorption	
55.	NON SURGICAL ENDODONTIC RETREATMENT	
	1. Etiology of persistent apical periodontitis	
	2. Treatment planning	
	3. Retreatment procedures	
	4. Prognosis	
56.	SURGICAL ENDODONTICS	
	1. Classification	
	2. Presurgical considerations	
	3. Indications and contraindications	
	4. Principles	
	5. Flap designs	
	6. Application of surgical techniques 7. Root end filling material	
57.		
	Biofilm and smear layer in endodontics SINGLE VISIT ENDODONTICS	1
58.		0
	1. Indications 2. Single ve multiple visit	
	2. Single vs multiple visit 3. Clinical considerations	1 2 h-25
59.	PHARMACOLOGY IN ENDODONTICS	3/04/2020
37.	1. Pain control	
	2. Selection of antibiotics	HOD
60.	1. Pain control 2. Selection of antibiotics MODERN CONCEPTS IN ENDODONTICS 1. Legons 1. Legons	Conservative Dentist
00.		Endoduntics Dental Sciences Tra
	2. Adhesive endodontics	Ozinar Sciences (c)
61.	ETHICS IN ENDODONTIC PRACTICE	
	1. Principles of ethics	
	2. Informed consent	
	3. Dental negligence	J

	4. Malpractice
	5. Dentist Act & its amendment
	6. Duties towards government
	7. Dental material and basic equipment management
62.	Introduction to Magnification

MINIMUM CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS MANDATORY TO APPEAR FOR UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION:

- 1. Diagnosis, treatment planning and case history- 10 cases
- 2. Restoration: Amalgam/GIC/Composite: 90*
- 3. RCT (Anterior): 10*

*Should have completed 75% of the above clinical work

Recommended Books:

Conservative Dentistry and Endodontics

- 1) The Art & Science of Operative Dentistry, Sturdevant, Mosby U.S.A
- 2) Principle & Practice of Operative Dentistry, Charbeneu, Varghese Publishing, Mumbai.
- 3) Grossman's Endodontic Practice, B. Suresh Chandra & V. GopiKrishna, Wolters Kluwer
- 4) Phillips' Science of Dental Materials

Anusavice, Chiayi Shen, H. Ralph Rawls

5) Sturdevant's art and Science of Operative Dentistry

31/02/2020

HOD
BEDARMENT OF CONSERVATIVE BERNISHY
AND ENDOUGHTES
INCOME

Malwanchal (MP)

BDS 4th Year Dept. of Oral Medicine & Radiology Syllabus

MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Syllabus for BDS 4th Year -Oral Medicine & Radiology Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4] THE GAZETE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

Teaching Hours: 280

Theory Hours: 80

Practical Hours: 200

ORAL MEDICINE & RADIOLOGY

Oral Medicine and Radiology Oral Medicine is a speciality of dentistry concerned with the basic diagnostic procedures and techniques useful in recognising the diseases of the oral tissues of local and constitutional origin and their medical management.

Radiology is a science dealing with x-rays and their uses in diagnosis and treatment of diseases in relation to orofacial diseases.

SYLLABUS

- 1. Methods of clinical diagnosis of oral and systemic diseases as applicable to oral tissue including modern diagnostic techniques.
- 2. Laboratory investigations including special investigations of oral and Oro-facial diseases.
- 3. Teeth in local and systemic diseases, congenital and heredity disorders.

 4. Oral manifestation of systemic diseases.
- 4. Oral manifestation of systemic diseases.
- 5. Oro-facialpain.
- 6. Psychosomatic aspects of oraldiseases.
- 7. Management of medically compromised patients including medical emergencies in the dental chair.
- 8. Congenital and hereditary disorders involving tissues of oro facial region
- 9. Systemic diseases due to oral foci ofinfection.
- 10. Hematological, dermatological, metabolic, nutritional and endocrinal conditions with oral manifestations.
- 11. Neuro- muscular diseases affecting oro facial region.
- 12. Salivary glandsdisorders.

13. Tongue in oral and systemic diseases.

Registrar

Registrar

Indore (M.P.)

Index Institute of Dental Sciences
Department of Oral Medicine &

Radiology

- 14. TMJ dysfunctions and diseases.
- 15. Concept of immunity as related to oro facial lesions including AIDS.
- 16. Cysts, neoplasms, odontomes and fibro-osseouslesions.
- 17. Oral changes in osteodystrophies and chondrodystrophies.
- 18. Premalignant and malignant lesion of or facialregion.
- 19. Allergy and other miscellaneous conditions.
- 20. Therapeutics in oral medicine- clinicalpharmacology.
- 21. Forensic Odontology.
- 22. Computers in oral diagnosis andimaging.
- 23. Evidence based oral care in treatmentplanning

Oral and Maxillo-facial Radiology: study includes seminars/ lectures/ demonstrations

- 1. History of Radiology, structure of x-ray tube, production of x-rays, property of x-rays.
- 2. Biological effects of radiation.
- 3. Filtration of collimation, grids and units ofradiation.
- 4. Films and recordingmedia.
- 5. Processing of image inradiology.
- 6. Design of x-ray department, dark room and use of automatic processingunits.
- 7. Localization: radiographictechniques.
- 8. Faults of dental radiographs and concept of idealradiograph.
- 9. Quality assurance and audit in dentalradiology.
- 10. Extra oral imagingtechniques.
- 11. O. P. G. and other radiologytechniques.

TUTORIALS DURING CLINICAL POSTINGS:

- 1. Infection control
- 2. Diagnostics instruments
- 3. Chair position and principles of diagnostic instrumentation

DEMONSTRATIONS:

- 1. History taking and Clinical examination of the patients.
- 2. Techniques for taking Intra-oral Periapical radiographs with Bisecting angle and Paralleling angle technique
- 3. Developing and processing of the radiograph
- 4. Demonstrations on taking opg and extra oral radiographs

Index Institute of Dental Sciences Department of Oral Medicine & Radiology

PRESCRIBED BOOKS:

- 1. Burket's Oral Medicine –12th edition Michael Glick (Latest)
- 2. White and Pharoah's Oral Radiology 8th Edition Elsevier (latest edition)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Textbook of Oral Medicine, Oral Diagnosis and Oral Radiology Ravikiran ongole, Praveen B.
- 2. Textbook of Dental Radiology Pramod John R
- 3. Essentials of Oral & Maxillofacial Radiology Freny Karjodkar
- 4. Cysts of the Oral and Maxillofacial Regions Marvin Shear, Paul Speight
- 5. Medical Problems in Dentistry Crispian Scully
- 6. Differential Diagnosis of Oral and Maxillofacial Lesions Norman Kenyon Wood, Paul W. Goaz

7. Treatment Planning in Dentistry - Stephen J. Stefanac, Samuel P. Nesbit

11/03/22/2 transit of Oral Medicine &

MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Syllabus for BDS 4th Year

Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4] THE GAZETE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

Teaching Hours: 250 hr

Theory Hours: 50hr

Practical Hours: 200hr

S. No.	Topic	Description	Hours
	Impacted teeth	i. Incidence, definition, etiology.	
		ii. Impacted mandibular third molar	4
		Classification, reasons for removal	
		Assessment - both clinical & radiological.	
		Armamentarium and surgical procedures for removal.	
		Complications during and after removal, its	
		prevention and management.	
		iii. Maxillary third molar, Indications for removal,	
		classification, Armamentarium and surgical	
		procedure for removal, Complications during and	
		after removal, its prevention and management.	
		iv. Impacted maxillary canine. Reasons for canine	
		impaction, indications for removal, Methods of	
		management, Localization, labial and palatal	
		approaches, Complications during and after	
		removal, its prevention and management	
		Surgical exposure, Transplantation	
).	Neurological Diseases	i. Trigeminal neuralgia - definition, etiology, clinical	
•	Treatological Discuses	features and methods of management including	3
		medical and surgical.	
		ii. Facial paralysis - etiology, clinical features.	
	•	iii. Nerve injuries - Classification, clinical features	
		and management, Nerve Grafting -Neuropathy etc.	
10.	Implants	Concept of osseointegration, History of implants	
10.	Implants	their design &	2
		surface characteristics. Knowledge of various types	
		of implants, Bone biology, Morphology,	
		Classification of bone and	
		its relevance to implant placement. Bone	
		augmentation materials. Soft tissue considerations in	
		implant dentistry.	
		Surgical procedure to place implants.	1
	nenta/	21,919	W

Registrar University

RAL & MAXILLOFACIAL SURGER H.O.D

11.	Diseases of the maxillary sinus	Surgical anatomy and development of the sinus. Sinusitis both acute and chronic Surgical approach of sinus - Cald well-Luc procedure, Knowledge of FESS, Removal of root from the sinus. Oro-antral fistula and communications- etiology, clinical features and surgical methods for closure.	2
12.	Cysts of the mouth and jaws	Definition, classification, pathogenesis. Diagnosis - Clinical features, radiological, FNAC, use of contrast media and histopathology. Management - types of surgical procedures. Rationale of the techniques, indications, contraindications, procedures, complications etc.	4
14.	Jaw deformities	Basic forms - Prognathism, Retrognathism and open bite. Reasons for correction. Diagnosis and treatment planning Outline of surgical methods carried out on mandible and maxillasubapical, body,sagittal split osteotomy, genioplasty, anterior maxillary Osteotomy, Le fort I osteotomy Role of distraction osteogenesis in correction of jaw deformities	3
15.	Cleft Lip and Palate	Etiology of the clefts, incidence, classification Role of dental surgeon/ maxillofacial surgeon in the cleft team. Outline of the closure procedures,	1

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2 0.	Osteor autonecrosis -	disposing factors, classification, clinical features and management.	1
20.	Osteoradionecrosis -	Cell Carcinoma: surgery, radiation and chemotherapy Role of dental surgeons in the prevention and early detection of oral cancer. Definition, etiology, theories, pre-	
	cavity	TNM classification, Staging. Biopsy-types, filling of Histopathology request form Outline of management of Squamous	2
19.	Carcinoma of the oral	and management. Lymphatic Spread.	
18.	Osteomyelitis of the jaws	Definition, etiology, pre-disposing factors, classification, clinical features	1
	head and neck region	Coccidiodmycosis, Rhinosporidosis, Antifungal agents	1
17.	Fungal Infections of	Candidiasis, Actinomycosis,	1
		management and complications Course of odontogenic infections	
		Ludwig's angina - definition, aetiology, clinical features,	
		various facial spaces and its management	
		Spread of odontogenic infections through	
		management.	
		Dento-alveolar abscess - aetiology, clinical features and	
		pathogenecity, virulence	
		Factors responsible for infection,	
	Cavity	fasciae of head and neck	
16.	Infections of the Oral cavity	Introduction, surgical anatomy of the superficial and deep	6



Registrar University Indore (M.P.)

21.	Maxillofacial ,	Emergency management in maxillofacial	
	Traumatology	trauma	7
		General considerations, types of	
		fractures, aetiology, clinical	
		features and general principles of	
		management.	
		Mandibular fractures - Applied anatomy,	
		classification. Diagnosis -	
		Clinical and radiological features,	
		Management - Reduction - closed and	
		open Fixation and immobilization	
		methods outline of rigid and semi-rigid	
		internal fixation.	
		Fractures of the condyle - etiology,	
		classification, clinical	
		features, principles of management	
		Fractures of the middle third of the face.	
		Definition of the mid	
		face, applied surgical anatomy,	
		classification, clinical features and	
		outline of management.	
		Alveolar fractures - methods of	
		management	
		Fractures of the Zygomatic complex and	
		orbit. Classification, clinical features,	
		indications for treatment, various	1
		methods of reduction and fixation.	
		maxillofacial Injuries in Children	
	1	Complications of fractures - delayed	
		union, non-union and	
		malunion.	
22.	Salivary gland diseases	Surgical Anatomy of Minor and Major	3
		salivary glands	
		Sialography, contrast media, procedure.	
		Inflammatory conditions of the salivary	
		glands	
		Sialolithiasis- Sub mandibular duct and	
		gland, parotid duct and gland, Clinical	
		features, management, Intraoral and	
		extra oral Sialolithotomy. Salivary	
		fistulae, sialocoele	
		Autoimmune diseases of the salivary	
		glands, diagnosis	
		managment	
		Common tumours of salivary glands like	
		Pleomorphic adenoma including minor	
		salivary glands.	

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23.	Tumors of the Oral cavity	General considerations, surgical principles Non odontogenic benign tumours occurring in oral cavity fibroma, papilloma, lipoma, ossifying fibroma, myxoma etc. Odontogenic tumors: both benign and malignant. Ameloblastoma - Clinical features, radiological appearance and methods of management. Osteogenic tumours of the faciomaxiliary region.	4
24.	Disorders of T.M. Joint	Applied surgical anatomy of the joint. Development of the TMJ Surgical approaches to TM.J Radiological investigations Hypermobilty of TMJ; Dislocation - Types, aetiology, clinical features and management. Hypomobility of TMJ; Classification, Ankylosis - Definition, aetiology, clinical features and management Myo-facial pain dysfunction syndrome,	4
		etiology, clinical features, management- Non surgical and surgical. Internal derangement of the joint. Inflammatory Diseases of T.M. Joint. Arthroscopy	





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MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Syllabus for BDS 4th Year -PERIODONTOLOGY

Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4] THE GAZETE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

PERIODONTOLOGY

Teaching Hours: 280 Theory Hours: 80 Practical Hours: 200

- 1. Introduction: Definition of Periodontology, Periodontics, Periodontia, Brief historical background, Scope of Periodontics
- 2. Development of Periodontal tissues, micro-structural anatomy and biology of periodontal tissues in detail. Gingiva. Junctional epithelium in detail, Epithelial-mesenchymal interaction, Periodontal ligament, Cementum, Alveolar bone.
- 3. Defensive mechanisms in the oral cavity: Role of Epithelium, Gingival fluid, Saliva and other defensive mechanisms in the oral environment.
- 4. Age changes in Periodontium. Age changes in teeth and periodontal structures and Their periodontal structures association with periodontal diseases and their significance in Geriatric dentistry
- 5. Classification of Periodontal Diseases. Need for classification, scientific basis of classification of periodontal diseases, Classification of gingival and periodontal diseases as described in 1989 and 1999 classification.
- 6. Epidemiology of periodontal diseases Definition of index, incidence, Prevalence epidemiology, endemic, epidemic, and pandemic. Classification of indices (Irreversible and reversible), Deficiencies of earlier indices used in Periodontics. Detailed understanding of Silness & Loe Plaque Index ,Loe & Silness Gingival Index, CPITN & CPI. Prevalence of periodontal diseases in India and other countries.
- 7. Defence mechanisms of the Gingiva
- 8. Gingival Inflammation
- 9. Clinical Features of Gingivitis
- 10. Gingival Enlargements
- 11. Acute Gingival Infections
- 12. Gingival Diseases in Childhood
- 13. Desquamative Gingivitis

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14. Host response - Mechanism of initiation and progression of periodontal diseases- Basic concepts about cells, Mast: cells, neutrophils, macrophages, lymphocytes, immunoglobulins, complement system, immune mechanisms & cytokines in brief. Stages in gingivitis-Initial, early, established & advanced. Periodontal disease activity, continuous paradigm, random burst & asynchronous multiple burst hypothesis.

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- 15. Periodontal Microbiology: Dental Plaque (Biofilm), Definition, New concept of biofilm Types, composition, bacterial colonization, growth, maturation .& disclosing agents Role of dental plaque in periodontal diseases, Plaque microorganisms in detail and bacteria associated with periodontal diseases, Plaque retentive factors, Materia alba Food debris
- 16. The Role of Dental Calculus and other Local Predisposing factors: Calculus, latrogenic factors, Malocclusion, Periodontal complications associated with orthodontic therapy, Extraction of Impacted third molars, Habits and self inflicted injuries, Smokeless Tobacco, Radiation therapy, Food Impaction-- Definition Types, Aetiology, Hirscfield's classification, Signs & symptoms & sequelae of treatment
- 17. Smoking and Periodontal Disease
- 18. Chronic Periodontitis
- 19. Aggressive Periodontitis
- 20. Bone loss and patterns of Bone destruction in Periodontal Disease
- 21. Influence of Systemic Disorders on the Periodontium
- 22. Oral Malodor
- 23. Clinical Diagnosis
- 24. Radiographic Aids in Diagnosis of Periodontal Diseases
- 25: Determination of Prognosis-Definition, types, purpose and factors to be taken into consideration
- 26. Treatment Plan-Factors to be considered
- 27. Periodontal management of Medically Compromised Patients
- 28. Periodontal therapy in the Female patients
- 29. Phase I Periodontal Therapy: Rationale for Periodontal Treatment.
- 30. Plaque control for Periodontal Patients- Mechanical tooth brushes, interdental cleaning aids, dentifrices.

 Chemical; Classification and mechanism of action of each & pocket irrigation
- 31. Scaling and Root Planing
- 32. Sonic and Ultrasonic Instrumentation and Irrigation
- 33. Anti Infective Therapy
- 34. Host Modulation
- 35. Phase II Periodontal Therapy
- 36. General Principles of Periodontal Surgery
- 37. Gingival Surgical Techniques
- 38. The Periodontal Flap: Different flap techniques for pocket eradication
- 39. Resective Osseous Surgery

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- 40. Reconstructive Periodontal Surgery
- 41. Furcation: Involvement and Treatment
- 42. Periodontal Plastic Surgery and Esthetic Surgery-Definition, Mucogingival problems: Aetiology, classification of gingival recession (RD:Miller Jr. and Sullivan and Atkins), Indications & objectives, Gingival extension procedures: lateral pedicle graft, frenectomy, frenotomy, Crown lengthening procedures.
- 43. Periodontal Restorative Interrelationships
- 44. Diagnosis and Management of Periodontic-Endodontic Lesions

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- 45. Periimplant Anatomy, Biology and Function, Implants Definition, types, scope & biomaterials used. Periodontal considerations: such as implant-bone Interlace, implant-gingiva interface, implant failure, peri- Implantitis and its management
- 46. Maintenance Phase (Supportive Periodontal Therapy)- Aims, objectives, and Principles, Importance, Procedures, Maintenance of implants
- 47. Recent Advances In Periodontal Microsurgery
- 48. Infection Control Protocol- Sterilization and various aseptic Procedures
- 49. Dental Ethics
- 50. Periodontal Instruments- Classification and Description of each Instrument. Sharpening of Instrumentation
- 51. Principles of Periodontal Instrumentation
- 52. Impact of Periodontal Infections on systemic health (Periodontal Medicine)
- 53. Pathology and Management of Periodontal Problems in patients with HIV infection.
- 54. Periodontal Response to External Forces
- 55. Periodontal Abscess
- 56. Recent advances in surgical therapy: Lasers in Periodontal Therapy
- 57. Levels of Significance.
- 58. Risk Assessment

TUTORIALS DURING CLINICAL POSTINGS:

- 1. Infection control
- 2. Periodontal instruments
- 3. Chair position and principles of instrumentation
- 4. Maintenance of instruments (sharpening)
- 5. Ultrasonic, Piezoelectric and sonic scaling Demonstration of technique
- 6. Diagnosis of periodontal disease and determination of prognosis
- 7. Radiographic interpretation and lab investigations
- 8. Motivation of patients- oral hygiene instructions

Students should be able to record a detailed periodontal case history, determine diagnosis, prognosis and plan treatment. Student should perform scaling, root planning, local drug delivery and SPT. Students shall be given demonstration of all periodontal surgical procedures.

DEMONSTRATIONS:

- 1. History taking and Clinical examination of the patients
- 2. Recording different Indices
- 3. Methods of using various scaling and surgical instruments
- 4. Polishing the teeth
- 5. Demonstration to patients about different oral hygiene aids
- 6. Surgical procedures- Gingivectorny, Gingivoplasty, and flap operations



7. Follow up procedures, post operative care and supervision

REQUIREMENTS:

- 1. Diagnosis, treatment planning and discussion and total periodontal treatment-15 cases
- 2. Dental scaling, oral hygiene instructions 30 complete cases/ Equivalent
- 3. Assistance in periodontal surgery 02 cases
- 4. A work record should be maintained by all the students and should be submitted at the time of examination after due certification from the head of the department. Students should have to complete the work prescribed by the concerned department from time to time and submit a certified record for evaluation.

PRESCRIBED BOOK:

Glickman's Clinical Periodontology -Carranza

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Essentials of Periodontology and Periodontics- Torquil MacPhee
- 2. Contemporary Periodontics- Cohen
- 3. Periodontal therapy- Goldman
- 4. Orbans' Periodontics- Orban
- 5. Oral Health Survey- W.H.O.
- 6. Preventive Periodontics- Young and Stiffler
- 7. Public Health Dentistry- Slack
- 8. Advanced Periodontal Disease- John Prichard
- 9. Preventive Dentistry- Forrest
- 10. Clinical Periodontology- Jan Lindhe
- 11. Periodontics- Baer & Morris.



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MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.) Syllabus for BDS 4th Year

Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4] THE GAZETE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

PUBLIC HEALTH DENTISTRY

Teaching Hours: 260 h r

Theory Hours: 60 hr

Practical Hours: 200 hr

Syllabus:

- 1. Introduction to Dentistry: Definition of Dentistry, History of dentistry, Scope, aims and objectives of Dentistry.
- 2. Public Health:
- i. Health & Disease: Concepts, Philosophy, Definition and Characteristics
- ii. Public Health: Definition & Concepts, History of public health
- iii. General Epidemiology: Definition, objectives, methods
- iv. Environmental Health: Concepts, principles, protection, sources, purification environmental sanitation of water disposal of waste sanitation, then role in mass disorder
- v. Health Education: Definition, concepts, principles, methods, and health education aids
- vi. Public Health Administration: Priority, establishment, manpower, private practice management, hospital management.
- vii. Ethics and Jurisprudence: Professional liabilities, negligence, malpractice, consents, evidence, contracts, and methods of identification in forensic dentistry.
- viii. Nutrition in oral diseases
- ix. Behavioral science: Definition of sociology, anthropology and psychology and their in dental practice and community.
- x. Health care delivery system: Center and state, oral health policy, primary health care, national programmes, health organizations

Dental Public Health:

- 1. Definition and difference between community and clinical health.
- 2. Epidemiology of dental diseases-dental caries, periodontal diseases, malocclusion, dental fluorosis and oral cancer.
- 3. Survey procedures: Planning, implementation and evaluation, WHO oral health survey methods 1997, indices for dental diseases.
- 4. Delivery of dental care: Dental auxiliaries, operational and non-operational, incremental and comprehensive health care, school dental health.
- 5. Payments of dental care: Methods of payments and dental insurance, government plans
- 6. Preventive Dentistry- definition, Levels, role of individual, community and profession, fluorides in dentistry, plaque control programmes.

Research Methodology and Dental Statistics

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Public Health Dentistry

iversity ndex Institute of Dental Sciences

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- 1. Health Information: Basic knowledge of Computers, MS Office, Window 2000, Statistical Programmes
- 2. Research Methodology: -Definition, types of research, designing a written protocol
- 3. Bio-Statistics: Introduction, collection of data, presentation of data, Measures of Central tendency, measures of dispersion, Tests of significance, Sampling and sampling techniquestypes, errors, bias, blind trails and calibration.

Practice Management:

- 1. Place and locality
- 2. Premises & layout
- 3. Selection of equipments
- 4. Maintenance of records/accounts/audit. Dentist Act 1948 with amendment.

Dental Council of India and State Dental Councils

Composition and responsibilities.

Indian Dental Association Head Office, State, local and branches.

PRACTICALS/CLINICALS/FIELD PROGEAMME IN COMMUNITY DENTISTRY:

These exercises designed to help the student in IV year students:

- 1. Understand the community aspects of dentistry
- 2. To take up leadership role in solving community oral health programme

Exercises:

- a) Collection of statistical data (demographic) on population in India, birth rates, morbidity and mortality, literacy, per capita income
- b) Incidence and prevalence of common oral diseases like dental caries, periodontal disease, oral cancer, fluorosis at national and international levels
- c) Preparation of oral health education material posters, models, slides, lectures, play acting skits etc.
- d) Oral health status assessment of the community using indices and WHO basic oral health survey methods
- e) Exploring and planning setting of private dental clinics in rural, semi urban and urban locations, availment of finances for dental practices-preparing project report.
- f) Visit to primary health center-to acquaint with activities and primary health care delivery
- g) Visit to water purification plant/public health laboratory/ center for treatment of western and sewage water
- h) Visit to schools-to assess the oral health status of school children, emergency treatment and health education including possible preventive care at school (tooth brushing technique demonstration and oral rinse programme/etc.)

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Public Health Dentistry x Instructe of Dental Sciences INDORE (M.P.)

- i) Visit to institution for the care of handicapped, physically, mentally, or medically compromised patients
- j) Preventive dentistry: in the department application of pit and fissure sealants, fluoride gel application procedure, A. R. T., Comprehensive health for 5 pts at least 2 patients

The colleges are encouraged to involve in the N.S.S. programme for college students for carrying out social work in rural areas

SUGGESTED INTERNSHIP PROGRAMME IN COMMUNITY DENTISTRY:

I. AT THE COLLEGE:

Students are posted to the department to get training in dental practice management.

- (a) Total oral health care approach- in order to prepare the new graduates in their approach to diagnosis, treatment planning, cost of treatment, prevention of treatment on schedule, recall maintenance of records etc. at least 10 patients (both children and adults of all types posting for at least one month).
- (b) The practice of chair side preventive dentistry including oral health education
- II. AT THE COMMUNITY ORAL HEALTH CARE CENTRE (ADOPTED BY THE DENTAL COLLEGE IN RURAL AREAS) Graduates posted for at least on month to familiarize in:
- (a) Survey methods, analysis and presentation of oral health assessment of school children and community independently using WHO basic oral health survey methods.
- (b) Participation in rural oral health education programmes
- (c) Stay in the village to understand the problems and life in rural areas
- III. DESIRABLE: Learning use of computers-at least basic programme.

Examination Pattern

- I. Index: Case History
- b) Oral hygiene indices simplified- Green and Vermilion
- c) Silness and Loe index for Plaque
- d) Loe and Silness index for gingival
- e) CPI
- f) DMF: T and S, df:t and s
- g) Deans fluoride index

II. Health Education

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- 1. Make one Audio visual aid
- 2. Make a health talk
- III. Practical work
- 1. Pit and fissure sealant
- 2. Topical fluoride application

BOOKS RECOMMENDED & REFERENCE:

- 1. Dentistry Dental Practice and Community by David F. Striffler and Brain A. Burt, Edn. –1983, W. B. Saunders Company
- 2. Principles of Dental Public Health by James Morse Dunning, IVth Edition, 1986, Harward University Press.
- 3. Dental Public Health and Community Dentistry Ed by Anthony Jong Publication by The C. V. Mosby Company 1981
- 4. Community Oral Health-A system approach by Patricia P. Cormier and Joyce I. Levy published by Appleton-Century-Crofts/New York, 1981
- 5. Community Dentistry-A problem oriented approach by P. C. Dental Hand book series Vol.8 by Stephen L. Silverman and Ames F. Tryon, Series editor-Alvin F. Gardner, PSG Publishing company Inc. Littleton Massachuseltts, 1980.
- 6. Dental Public Health- An Introduction to Community Dentistry. Edition by Geoffrey L. Slack and Brain Burt, Published by John Wrigth and sons Bristol, 1980
- 7. Oral Health Surveys- Basic Methods, 4th edition, 1997, published by W. H. O. Geneva available at the regional office New Delhi.
- 8. Preventive Medicine and Hygiene-By Maxcy and Rosenau, published by Appleton Century Crofts, 1986.
- 9. Preventive Dentistry-by J. O. Forrest published by John Wright and sons Bristoli, 1980.
- 10. Preventive Dentistry by Murray, 1997.
- 11. Text Book of Preventive and Social Medicine by Park and park, 14th edition.
- 12. Community Dentistry by Dr. Soben Peter.
- 13. Introduction to Bio-statistics by B. K. Mahajan

14. Introduction to Statistical Methods by Grewal.

Public Health Dentistry
Public Health Dental Sciences
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MALWANCHAL UNIVERSITY, INDORE (M.P.)

Syllabus for BDS 4th Year

Adapted from

[Part III- SEC.4] THE GAZETE OF INDIA: EXTRAORDINARY

PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN AND BRIDGE

Teaching Hours: 895

Theory Hours: 135

Practical Hours: 760

Complete Dentures

A. Applied Anatomy and Physiology

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Biomechanics of the edentulous state
- 3. Residual ridge resorption
- B. Communicating with patient
- 1. Understanding the patient's Mental Attitude-
- 2. Instructing the patient
- C. Diagnosis and treatment planning for patients
- 1. With some teeth remaining
- 2. With no teeth remaining
 - a) Systemic status
 - b) Local factor
 - . c) The geriatric patients
 - d) Diagnostic procedures
- D. Articulators discussion
- E. Improving the patient's denture foundation and ridge relation an overview.
- a) Pre-operative examination
- b) Initial hard tissue & soft tissue procedures
- c) Secondary hard and soft tissue procedure

d) Implant procedure

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AND
ORAL IMPLANTOLOGY

- e) Congenital deformities
- f) Postoperative procedure.

F. Principles of Retention, Support and Stability

G. Impressions - detail

- a) Muscles of facial expression
- b) Biological considerations for maxillary and mandibular impression including anatomy landmark and their interpretation.
- c) Impression objectives
- d) Impression materials
- e) Impression techniques
- f) Maxillary and mandibular impression procedures. i) Preliminary impressions ii) final Impressions
- g) Laboratory procedures involved with impression making (Beading & Boxing, and cast preparation)

H. Record bases and occlusion rims - in detail

- a) Materials & techniques
- b) useful guidelines and ideal parameters
- c) recording and transferring bases and occlusal rims
- I. Biological consideration in jaw relation & jaw movements craniomandibular relations.
- a) Mandibular movements
- b) Maxillo mandibular relation including vertical and horizontal jaw relations.
- c) Concept of occlusion discuss in brief

J. Relating the patient to the articulator

- a) Face bow types and uses discuss in brief
- b) Face bow transfer procedure discuss in brief

K. Recording maxillo mandibular relation

- a) Vertical relations
- b) Centric relation records
- c) Eccentric relation records.

d) Lateral relation records

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AND Oral implantology

L Tooth selection and arrangement

- a) Anterior teeth
- b) Posterior teeth
- c) Esthetic and functional harmony

M. Relating inclination of teeth to concept of occlusion - in brief

- a) Neutrocentric concept
- b) Balanced occlusal concept

N. Trial dentures

O. Laboratory procedures

- a) Wax contouring
- b) Investing of dentures
- c) Preparing of mold
- d) Preparing & Packing acrylic resin
- e) Processing of dentures
- f) Recovery of dentures
- g) Lab remount procedures
- h) Recovering the complete denture from the cast
- i) Finishing and polishing the complete denture
- j) Plaster cast for clinical denture remount procedure

P. Denture insertion

- a) Insertion procedures
- b) Clinical errors
- c) Correcting occlusal disharmony
- d) Selective grinding procedures.

R. Treating problems with associated denture use - discuss in brief (tabulation / flow chart form)

S. Treating abused tissues - discuss in brief

T. Relining and rebasing of dentures - discuss in brief

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U. Immediate complete dentures construction procedure - discuss in brief

V. The single complete denture - discuss in brief

W. Overdentures denture - discuss in brief

X. Dental implants in complete denture - discuss in brief

<u>Note</u>: It is suggested that the above mentioned topics be dealt with wherever appropriate in the following order so as to cover –

- 1. Definition
- 2. Diagnosis (of the particular situation / patient selection / treatment planning)
- 3. Types / classification
- 4. Materials
- 5. Methodology Lab / Clinical
- 6. Advantages & disadvantages
- 7. Indication, contraindications
- 8. Maintenance phase
- 9. Oral Implantology
- 10. Ethics

Removable Flexible (Partial) Dentures

1. Introduction

Terminologies and scope¬

2. Classification

3. Examination, Diagnosis & Treatment planning and evaluation of diagnostic data

4. Components of a removable parital

- Major connectors -
- > Minor connectors
- Rest and rest seats

5. Components of a Removable Partial Denture

- Direct retainers
- > Indirect retainers
- > Tooth replacement



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6. Principles of Removable Partial Denture Design

- 7. Survey and design in brief
 - Surveyors
 - Surveying
 - Designing
- 8. Mouth preparation and master cast
- 9. Impression materials and procedures for removable partial dentures
- 10. Preliminary jaw relation and esthetic try in for some anterior replacement teeth
- 11. Laboratory procedures for framework construction in brief.
- 12. Fitting the framework in brief.
- 13. Try in of the partial denture in brief
- 14. Completion of the partial denture in brief
- 15. Inserting the Removable Partial Denture in brief
- 16. Postinsertion observations.
- 17. Temporary Acrylic Partial Dentures.
- 18. Immediate Removable Partial Denture.
- 19. Removable Partial Dentures opposing Complete denture.

<u>Note:</u> It is suggested that the above mentioned topics be dealt with wherever appropriate in the following order so as to cover –

- 1. Definition
- 2. Diagnosis (of the particular situation / patient selection / treatment planning)
- 3. Types / Classification
- 4. Materials
- 5. Methodology Lab / Clinical
- Advantages & disadvantages
- 7. Indications, contradictions
- 8. Maintenance Phase



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Fixed Partial Dentures

To Be Covered In Detail

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Fundamentals of occlusion in brief.
- 3. Articulators in brief
- 4. Treatment planning for single tooth restorations.
- 5. Treatment planning for the replacement of missing teeth including selection and choice of abutment teeth.
- 6. Fixed partial denture configurations.
- 7. Principles of tooth preparations.
- 8. Preparations for full veneer crowns in detail.
- 9. Preparations for partial veneer crowns in brief
- 10. Provisional Restorations
- 11. Fluid Control and Soft Tissue Management
- 12. Impressions
- 13. Working Casts and Dies
- 14. Wax patterns
- 15. Pontics and Edentulous Ridges
- 16. Esthetic Considerations
- 17. Finishing and Cementation

Topics To Be Covered In Brief-

- 1. Solder Joints and Other Connectors
- 2. All Ceramic Restorations
- 3. Metal Ceramic Restorations
- 4. Preparations of intracoronal restorations.
- 5. Preparations for extensively damaged teeth.
- 6. Preparations for periodontally weakened teeth

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- 7. The Functionally Generated Path Technique
- 8. Investing and Casting
- 9. Resin Bonded Fixed Partials Denture

Note: It is suggested that the above mentioned topics be dealt with wherever appropriate in the following order so as to cover –

- 1. Definition
- 2. Diagnosis (of the particular situation / patient selection / treatment planning)
- 3. Types / Classification
- 4. Materials
- 5. Methodology Lab / Clinical
- 6. Advantages & disadvantages
- 7. Indications, contradictions
- 8. Maintenance Phase

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Syllabus of Complete Denture by Charles M. Heartwell Jr. and Arthur O. Rahn.
- 2. Boucher's "Prosthodontic treatment for edentulous patients"
- 3. Essentials of complete denture Prosthodontics by Sheldon Winkler.
- 4. Maxillofacial prosthetics by Willam R. Laney.
- 5. McCraken's Removable partial Prosthodontics
- 6. Removable Partial Prosthodontics by Ernest L. Miller and Joseph E. Grasso.
- 7. Contemporary Fixed Prosthodontics Rosenstiel, Land and Fujimoto

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